Semantic annotation of videos with structured data and knowledge organization in the collaborative web environment.

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INTRODUCTION

The research addresses semantic annotation with structured data and moving image indexing in the context of the semantic web. Audiovisual information is considered unstructured data because it does not have a predefined standard data model and requires treatment to be processed. Furthermore, audiovisual metadata for indexing moving images is mostly limited to descriptive metadata and often has little information about the concepts and subjects represented in the image content. Annotation tools generate structured data for regions of interest within the image and aggregate linked concept data from various linked open data (LOD) vocabularies.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

BIBLIOGRAPHIC RESEARCH

Deep image annotation (DIA) is becoming an accepted new concept in treating images for semantic enrichment, aiming to improve the efficiency of image retrieval and access, enhance users' understanding of an image, and support automatic image resources integration and knowledge Discovery (ZENG, 2019, p. 24).

RESULTS



Direction: Humberto Production: Cinédia Screenplay: Humberto Mauro, Otávio Gabus Mendes Cast: Durval Bellini, Déa Selva, Lu Marival, Carlos Eugênio Genre: drama Music: Radamés Gnattali Cinematography: Afrodísio de Castro, Paulo Morano Distribution: Cinédia Release Date: May 29, Language: Portuguese

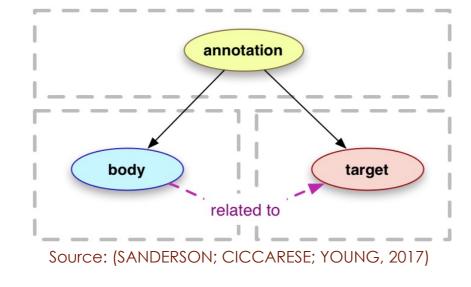
Wikidata item page (Q10269239)

Image annotation with the process and methods of Knowledge Organization (KO) (CLARKE, 2015):

✓ Image-Level Metadata

✓ Annotation-Level Metadata

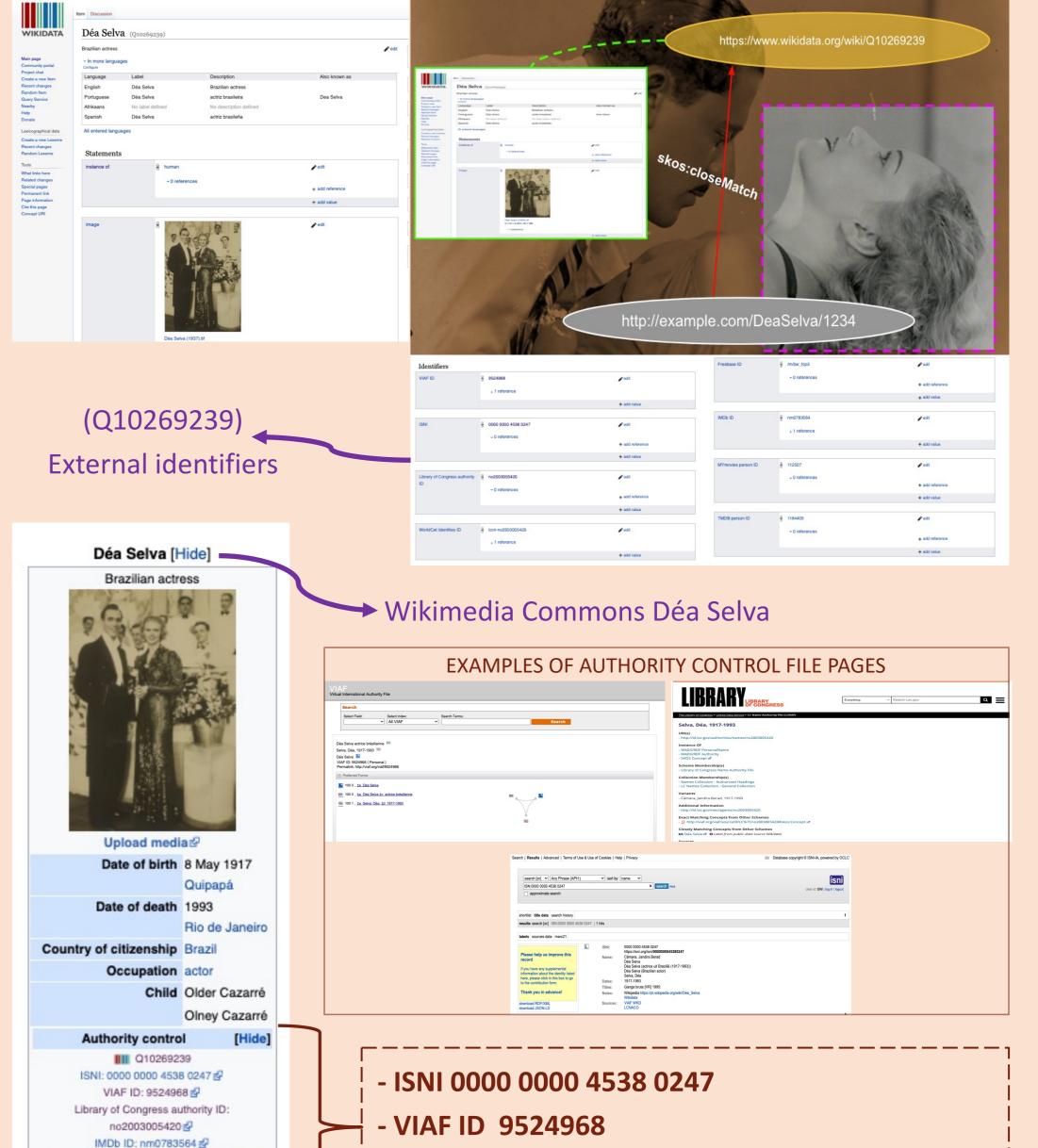
The Web Annotation Data Model specification describes a structured model and format to enable annotations to be shared and reused across different hardware and software platforms (SANDERSON; CICCARESE; YOUNG, 2017).



APPLIED RESEARCH

The research structured a concept schema modeled in SKOS, for semantic annotation of the subjects present in the moving images. The following steps are in progress:

- 1. Categorizing and defining the concepts.
- 2. Vocabulary construction using the SKOS data model:
- a) Definition of the relationships and SKOS properties of each concept.



- b) Entity Reconciliation and connect the concepts with value and property LOD vocabularies (DBpedia, Wikidata, AAT, etc).
- Adding labels in other languages. C)
- SKOS modeling with turtle (N3) RDF serialization format. d)
- 3. Visualizing the vocabulary in a web open-source tool and publishing the project repository with the concept schema on gitpages.

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Reasonator · PetScan · Scholia · Statisticsg · OpenStreetMapg · Locator tool g · Search depicted

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CONCLUSIONS

Semantic enrichment based on image annotation can be enhanced by using KOS to structure machine-readable data from moving image resources and for cultural heritage knowledge organization, and collaboration between humans and machines is required, with humans making manual annotations to assist in semantic enrichment of the information.

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"This study was financed in part by the Coordenação de Aperfeiçoamento de Pessoal de Nível Superior - Brasil (CAPES) - Finance Code 001"